**📘 WEEK 2 Documentation: Pollution Drift Predictor**

**🧠 Objective  
The goal for Week 2 was to implement a machine learning model that predicts pollution drift patterns using environmental data. The focus was on selecting a regression algorithm, preprocessing the data, training the model, evaluating its performance, and visualizing the results.**

**⚙️ Model Implementation**

**🔍 Algorithm Used  
Linear Regression from scikit-learn was chosen for its simplicity and interpretability as a baseline model.**

**🧪 Features and Target**

* **so2: Sulfur Dioxide concentration**
* **no2: Nitrogen Dioxide concentration**
* **spm: Suspended Particulate Matter (target variable)**

**🧹 Preprocessing**

* **Dropped rows with missing values in so2, no2, and spm**
* **Selected so2 and no2 as input features**
* **Applied StandardScaler to normalize the features**
* **Used fit\_transform() on training data and transform() on test data**
* **Saved both the trained model and scaler using joblib for Week 3 deployment**

**🧠 Training Logic  
The dataset was split into training and test sets using an 80/20 ratio. The features were scaled using StandardScaler, and the model was trained on the scaled data. Predictions were made on the test set and evaluated using standard regression metrics.**

**📊 Model Evaluation**

**📈 Metrics Used**

* **R² Score: ~0.10 — indicates low explanatory power for this baseline model**
* **MAE: ~110.01 — average prediction error in SPM units**
* **MSE: ~21546.16 — penalizes larger errors more heavily**

**The model shows limited predictive power, suggesting that SO₂ and NO₂ alone may not fully explain SPM variability. This sets the stage for feature engineering and model refinement in Week 3.**

**📈 Visualizations**

1. **Actual vs Predicted SPM   
   A scatter plot comparing predicted SPM values against actual observations. Most points cluster below the ideal line, indicating underprediction.**
2. **Residuals Distribution   
   A histogram of prediction errors. Residuals are centered around zero but show a left-skewed tail, suggesting the model misses high SPM values.**
3. **SO₂ vs SPM (colored by NO₂)   
   A scatter plot showing the relationship between SO₂ and SPM, with NO₂ levels represented by color. Clustering patterns suggest potential pollutant interactions worth exploring further.**

**✅ Week 2 Checklist**

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| --- | --- |
| **Task** | **Status** |
| **Implement ML model** | **✅ Done** |
| **Show model structure** | **✅ Done** |
| **Evaluate model accuracy** | **✅ Done** |
| **Visualize predictions** | **✅ Done** |
| **Document findings** | **✅ Done** |
| **Save model and scaler** | **✅ Done** |

**📦 Artifacts Saved**

* **linear\_regression\_model.pkl — trained model**

**[Not Uploaded due to File Size Restriction]**

* **forest\_regressor\_model.pkl — trained model**

**[Not Uploaded due to File Size Restriction]**

* **scaler.pkl — fitted scaler**
* **model\_metrics.md — evaluation summary**
* **X\_test.csv — test features**
* **y\_test\_vs\_pred.csv — actual vs predicted values**
* **actual\_vs\_predicted.png, residuals.png, scatter\_so2\_spm.png — visualizations**